Continued translation.

[0061] Next, explanation is added per reduction technique of the memory space of a ** table. It becomes reducible [the memory space which should be held] by creating a conversion array common to all the items also by the ** table side. Drawing 31 is a flow chart which shows processing of the conversion array creation by the side of a ** record. Processing of Step 3101 or Step 3103 is similar with processing of Steps 2701 to 2703 of drawing 27. The inside of the pointer to the value list of information blocks shared more by details at the main table side about a certain record number by the side of the main table. It is referred to by the pointer value of the position (line) corresponding to the record number concerned (Step 3102), and subsequently The number of accumulating totals and starting position corresponding to this pointer value are pinpointed, and the range in which the corresponding record number is stored is specified in a set (sorting array) of the record number after sorting by computing the difference of a starting position and the number of accumulating totals (Step 3103). Then, the specified record number is stored one by one during a conversion array. 100621 Drawing 32 is the figure showing an example of the conversion array creation by the side of a ** table. In drawing 32 (a), the pointer value "0" to which the shared information block of a "fan" corresponds is referred to corresponding to the record number "0" of the main table. Since the difference of the starting position of a position (the 1st line) and the number of accumulating totals to which the information block of the "professional baseball team" to whom sorting application was performed in the ** block side corresponds is "2", In a set (sorting array) of the record number after sorting, two record numbers "1" and "3" can understand it as the thing relevant to the record number "0" of the above-mentioned main table from a head. Therefore, the value of "1" and "3" is stored in a conversion array from a head. Similarly in drawing 32 (b), the starting position "4" and the number of accumulating totals "3" of a position (the 3rd line) to which the information block of a "professional baseball team" corresponds are specified based on the pointer value "2" of the information block of a "fan" referred to corresponding to the record number "1" of the main table. Since these differences are "1", in a sorting array, he can understand that the record number "0" of "1" ** is a record number corresponding to the record number "1" of the main table from the position (the 4th line) shown with the number of accumulating totals "3." Therefore, a record number "0" is stored in the field which follows the field stored about the main record number "0" in the conversion array shown in above-mentioned drawing 32 (a). By repeating such processing, it becomes possible to

obtain a conversion array common to a ** table. <u>Drawing 33</u> is a figure which illustrates the procedure of obtaining the information block of an imagination "game day" based on the conversion array by the side of the ** table obtained by the processing mentioned above. The imagination information block which can be used in the joined table (view) can be created by passing through the pointer value to which it corresponds under pointer array to the value list from the value under conversion array to drawing 33 so that it may be shown. What is necessary is just to generate this imagination information block like the explanation about the main table at every creation of a table (view). That is, if only the conversion array is made, according to the table (view) which should be created, it will become possible to generate an imagination information block like a request.

[0063] In addition, you may make either the conversion array by the side of the main table, or the conversion array by the side of a ** table. For example, when memory space increases

only about the one of table side, you may make a conversion array only about one table side. Of course, it cannot be overemphasized that the conversion array about both tables may be created. Moreover, it is possible for search and sorting to use the same technique as the form of the 4th operation also with the form of this operation. According to the form of this operation. in the type of "**; **", it becomes possible by holding every one conversion array on the main table and/or a ** table to obtain the table (view) joined without newly creating an information block. Therefore, it becomes possible to reduce required memory space. 100641 Next, explanation is added per form of operation of the 6th of this invention. In the form of the 4th and the 5th operation, although the value list was shared about the single item (information block) in the main table and a ** table, the join of two or more items is realized in the form of the 6th operation. For example, two tables (a name-of-a-person table and age table) as shown in drawing 34 (a) and (b) are considered. First, if its attention is paid to a name-of-a-person table, the item of a "member family name" and the item of a "member name" can be found out. The item of [if its attention is paid to an age table on the other hand] "a year and a member family name", the item of "a year and a member name", and the item of "age" can be found out. Therefore, in order to create a table (view) called the name-of-a-person age view including a name of a person and age, while joining a "member family name" and "a year and a member family name", it is necessary to join a "member name" and "a year and a member name" (refer to drawing 34 (c)). In addition, in the above-mentioned example, the sequence of an item shall be maintained in the name-of-a-person table (main table). [0065] Explanation is added to below per [which creates the table (view) which joined two or more items which were mentioned above] technique. Drawing 35 is a flow chart which shows processing concerning the form of the 6th operation. As shown in drawing 35, processing of sharing is first performed about all the value lists which should be shared (Step 3501). Each sharing corresponds to the processing shown in drawing 11. If the example shown in drawing

34] while the value list of [in the information block of the "member family name" in a name-of-a-person table] and the value list of [in the information block of "the year and member family name" in an age table] are shared The value list of [in the information block of the "member name" in a name-of-a-person table] and the value list of [in the information block of "the year and member family name" in an age table] are shared (refer to drawing 36). Subsequently, when obtaining the joined table (view) about the main table, the pointer array to the value list of imagination which combined the required item is created (Step 3502). For example, the number of the shared tables is two, and when the item value of the "p" individual is stored in the value list of one of these and the item value of the "c" individual is stored in the value list of another side, the value list with the item value of the "pxq" individual of imagination can be considered as such combination. The number of the record numbers of the main table and the pointer value of the same number are stored in the pointer array to the value list actually created on the other hand.

[0066] The pointer value Pmi (0 <=i<=p-1, p: the number of the item values in one value list) of "i" watch is computed more by details as follows. It will be obtained by (1) type if pointer value of eye "i" watch is set to Pm2i for the pointer value of eye "i" watch during the pointer array to a value list about the information block of Pm1i and another side during the pointer array to a value list about one information block of the item which should be joined.

Pointer value Pmi=Pm1 i*q+Pm 2i (1)

(a: The number of the item values in the value list of another side)

Moreover, when obtaining the joined table (view) about a ** table, the pointer array to the value list of imagination which combined the required item is created (Step 3503). The number of the record numbers of a ** table and the pointer value of the same number are stored in this pointer array. The pointer value Psj (0 <= j<= p-1, p: the number of the item values in one value list) of "j" watch as well as the pointer value about the above-mentioned main table is computed. That is, it will be obtained by (2) types if pointer value of eye "j" watch is set to Ps2j for the pointer value of eye "j" watch during the pointer array to a value list about the information block of Ps1j and another side during the pointer array to a value list about one information block of the item which should be joined.

Pointer value Psi=Ps1 i*a+Ps 2i (2)

(g: The number of the item values in the value list of another side)

In addition, when the number of the items which should be joined is three, the pointer value Pmi (0 <=i<=p-1, p: the number of the item values in which value list) of "i" watch can be calculated according to (3) types.

Pointer value Pmi=Pm1 i*q+Pm2 i*r+Pm 3i -- (3)

In addition, Pm1i about the 1st information block here among the items which should be joined [the pointer value of eye "i" watch, and Pm2i] during the pointer array to a value list The

pointer value of eye "i" watch and Pm3i are the pointer value of eye "i" watch about the 3rd information block during the pointer array to a value list about the 2nd information block, and "q" is the number of the number of the item values in the 2nd value list, and item values [in / in "r" / the 3rd value list]. Also when an item is four or more, it cannot be overemphasized that pointer value can be calculated by the same technique.

[0067] Drawing 37 is a figure which illustrates the pointer array to the value list to the value list of imagination about the above-mentioned name-of-a-person table and an age table. In the "name-of-a-person table" which is the main table if its attention is paid to the information block of a "member family name" the pointer value (namely, the 1st line) corresponding to a record number "0" is "1" during the pointer array to a value list -- the -- on the other hand, when its attention is paid to the information block of a "member name", the pointer value of the 1st line is "0" during the pointer array to a value list. Therefore, in the pointer array to the value list of imagination, the pointer value (namely, the 1st line) corresponding to a record number "0" is set to 1*q(here 4)+0=4. Moreover, in the pointer array to the value list of imagination, corresponding pointer value is set to 0*4+3=3 about a record number "1."

100681 Here explains below per meaning of the pointer value in the pointer array to the value list of the above-mentioned imagination. In the above-mentioned example, in the "name-of-aperson table", several p of the pointer value about the information block of a "member family name" was 3, and several g of the pointer value about the information block of a "member name" was 4. When its attention is paid to a record number "0", the pointer value in the pointer array to the value list of imagination is "4." Since this value is "4/q=4/4=1", if the value list of information blocks of a "member family name" is referred to, it can understand that it is the "Suzuki" family name. Moreover, since it is "4mod(q) =4mod4=0", if the value list of information blocks of a "member name" is referred to, he can understand that a name is "Ichiro." Moreover, when its attention is paid to a record number "1" and "2", respectively, the pointer value in the pointer array to the value list of imagination is "3" and "5." Since these values are "3/q=3/4=0" and "5/q=5/4=1", if the value list of information blocks of a "member family name" is referred to, they can understand that they are the "Sato" family name and the "Suzuki" family name, respectively. Moreover, since it is "3mod(q) =3mod4=3" and "5mod(q) =5mod4=1", if the value list of information blocks of a "member name" is referred to, it can understand that each name is "YOSAKU" and "large **", respectively (refer to drawing 38). The pointer value under pointer array to the value list of imagination is acquired by the same technique also about the "age table" which is a ** table. The meaning which the pointer value under obtained pointer array has is the same as that of the thing of the main table (refer to drawing 39). [0069] By processing of Step 3502 and Step 3503, two or more items can be considered to be a single item the same way. Therefore, in the information block of a ** table, using the pointer

array to the value list of imagination, the pointer value of the pointer array to a record number

is generated, and these are stored in a predetermined position (Step 3504). This technique is the same as that of what was used at Step 1105 of drawing 11. If it explains again, in the imagination information block of a ** table, the array of the same size as the value list of imagination will be prepared first. Subsequently, pointer value is scanned from the head of the pointer array to a value list, and when the pointer value of eye "i" watch is "i", in the prepared array, processing which stores a value "i" is performed as an element of eye "i" watch. [0070] In drawing 40, each pointer value stored in the pointer array (refer to Step 3503) to the value list of [in the imagination information block "a year, member family name + year, and member name" including the imagination value list obtained by sharing 1 is referred to about the "age table" which is a ** table. For example, since the pointer value corresponding to a record number "0" is "3", a record number "0" is stored in a corresponding position (the 4th line) in the pointer array to a record number. Thus, after the pointer array to a record number is made, the joined table (view) is obtained (Step 3505). The pointer value under pointer array to the value list which should take out the item value in the information block of the main table by the record number of the main table is specified more as details. Moreover, with reference to the pointer value under pointer array to the value list in the information block including the value list of imagination, the pointer value to the record number obtained at Step 3504 is specified based on this pointer value. Since the record number shown with this pointer value is the thing of a ** table, in the information block including the value list equipped with the item which should be displayed, the pointer value of a corresponding position is found out and. thereby, the item value under value list is specified.

[0071] In drawing 41, an item value (for example, "Suzuki" and "Ichiro") is acquired from the value list of [in the information block of the "member family name" in the main table from the record number (for example, "0") of the main table, and the information block of a "member name"]. The corresponding pointer value (for example, "4") in the pointer array to the value list of information blocks of the "member family name + member name" which, on the other hand, includes the value list of imagination from the above-mentioned record number is acquired, and, thereby, the record number (for example, "1") of a ** table is found out. Therefore, it becomes possible to take out a corresponding item value (for example, "22") from the value list of information blocks of "age" which have the item in a ** table which should be displayed. [0072] In order to deal with two or more items which should be joined as a single item according to the form of this operation, the information block in the state where two or more items were combined is formed, and a required record number and pointer value are specified using the pointer array corresponding to the imagination item value which can be taken in this information block, moreover, the above -- only the pointer array for specifying the item value under this value list is created, without actually making the value list including an imagination item value. For example, when the item values of two items are "p" and "q", if they create the

pointer array to the record number of the size of "pxq", it is sufficient for them, respectively. Therefore, the join of two or more items can be realized, without creating the value list of an immense quantity equipped with the actually combined item value.

[0073] Next, explanation is added per form of operation of the 7th of this invention. With the form of implementation of the above 6th, the information block in the state where two or more items were combined was created, and the pointer array to the record number was created about this information block. However, when the item value of the two above-mentioned items is set to "p" and "q", and each is very large, at least the pointer array to a record number will become very big (for example, when it is 100,000). Then, in the form of the 7th operation, it has prevented growing a pointer array large by generating the value list which described two or more items on the multi-dimension target (for example, two-dimensional), without generating the pointer array to an imagination value list. The value list item value which described the above-mentioned double several-clauses eve is called a multidimensional array in this Description depending on the case. Drawing 42 is a flow chart which shows processing concerning the form of the 7th operation. Also in this processing, sharing processing is first performed like the thing of drawing 35 (Step 4201), Subsequently, a record number is sorted about the main table about each of two or more items which should be joined (Step 4202). The array (a sorting array or after-sorting record-number list) in which the record number sorted by this was stored is generated.

[0074] When the number of the items which should be joined is two, two sorting application is performed, for example, as shown in drawing 43, when the item of the both sides of a "member name" and a "member family name" should be joined about the main table After sharing, a record number is sorted according to the sequence of the value list of [in the information block of a "member name"], and, subsequently is sorted according to the sequence of the value list of [in the information block of a "member family name"]. Subsequently, the pointer array to the value list which combined two or more items, and a value list is generated by referring to the record number under sorting array (Step 4203). As shown [details] in drawing 44, after initializing the number of a sorting array more (Step 4401) Paying attention to the pointer array to the value list of [in the information block which corresponds for any of two or more items being 1, the pointer value stored in the position which the record number stored during the sorting array shows is specified (Step 4402). If processing of Step 4402 is performed to all the above-mentioned double several-clauses eyes (Step 4403, 4404 references), in a new value list, two or more pointer value will be arranged in predetermined sequence in the position corresponding to the number of a sorting array (Step 4405). Thus, two or more arranged pointer value (pointer value which is a multidimensional array) turns into an item value under value list.

[0075] furthermore, the above -- the pointer value to which the pointer array for specifying a

taking out an item value.

new value list item value corresponds is generated (Step 4406). That is, in the pointer array to the above-mentioned value list, the value which shows the position where the item value was stored in the position corresponding to a record number is stored. The corresponding pointer value under pointer array to the value list from a record number is taken out by this, and the item value pointer value indicates the pointer value of a multidimensional array to be in the value list stored as an item value may be taken out. Processing of the above-mentioned step 4402 - Step 4407 is performed about the number of all the sorting arrays (Step 4407, 4408 references), and processing is completed.

[0076] Drawing 45 and drawing 46 are the figures showing the example which created the information block a "member family name + member name" after the sorting application shown in drawing 43. Since the record number stored in the head (the 1st) in the sorting array (aftersorting record-number list) is "1" as shown in drawing 45. [the sequence that the pointer value of the corresponding position (the 2nd line) was taken out in the pointer array to the value list of each information blocks, and this pointer value "0" and "3" were decided] In the value list of new information blocks of a "member family name + member name", it is stored in a top position as a two-dimensional array "0 3." Moreover, the position where the value list concerned is stored is arranged as pointer value to a value list in the position which the record number under pointer array shows. About other record numbers stored in the sorting array, the item value which is a two-dimensional array, and the pointer value under pointer array to a value list are stored in the same procedure. The same processing as Step 4202 and Step 4203 is performed also about a ** table (Steps 4204 and 4205). About the example mentioned above, the information block of "the year, member family name + year, and member name" of an "age table" is generated, and the value list which has the item value of the pointer array to a required value list and a two-dimensional array is made (refer to drawing 47). [0077] Thus, if a value list which expressed two or more items with the item value of a twodimensional array is obtained in the main table and a ** table The same processing as drawing 11 is performed using other information blocks about the information block including these value list and the item which should be shown in a table (view). That is, a value list which expressed two or more items with the item value of a two-dimensional array is shared (refer to Step 1101 - Step 1105). Subsequently, since the value list item value in an information block besides the above is specified, the pointer array to a record number is generated (Step 1106). Thus, after carrying out updating and generation of a predetermined pointer array or a value list, processing shown in drawing 12 is performed and a desired table (view) is created by

[0078] Drawing 48 is a figure for explaining creation of the table (view) by the processing shown in drawing 12 in the form of the 7th operation. For example, in the information block (information block of a "member family name + member name") which includes the value list

which expressed two or more items with the item value of a two-dimensional array about a record number "0", the pointer value under pointer array to a corresponding value list is "0 3." The former (namely, "0") means the item value "Suzuki" among these values, and the latter (namely, "3") means the item value "Ichiro." Therefore, in a table (view), "Suzuki" and "Ichiro" are displayed on a top line. In the pointer array to the record number to the table [record number / "0"] of other on the other hand, a corresponding value is "1." Therefore, the pointer value "0" of the position where the pointer array to a value list corresponds is found out among the information block of "age." Therefore, the item value "22" of the position which pointer value shows is displayed on a top line. It cannot be overemphasized that an item value is acquired in the same procedure about other record numbers. According to the form of this operation, it becomes possible to realize the join of two or more items, reducing required memory space.

[0079] Next, comparison with the processing which creates the table (view) which joins tabular format data and includes a predetermined item among the joined tabular format data, and the processing which creates the same table (view) using the conventional technique is briefly described using the technique concerning the form of operation of this invention. About the form of operation of this invention, as a processor, PentiumPro (registered trademark) was operated in 200MHZ, and the information block of the collection which constitutes tabular format data on RAM was created. The user table equipped with the user ID (0-9999; item 1) and the baseball professional baseball team name (12 professional baseball teams: item 2) of favor as tabular format data (10000 records), The game number (0-119: item 1), the baseball professional baseball team name (12 professional baseball teams: item 2), and the game table (12= 120x1440 record) equipped with the score (0-19 points) of each game were considered, and the table of the score of a professional baseball team which the user is carrying out to favor was created for every user. In this case, the total record count serves as 120(game) = 10000(user) x 1,200,000 record. In order to create a table based on the form of the 5th operation of the above-mentioned record by the technique of saving the memory of the both sides of the main table and a ** table, 0.195 second was required on the average. On the other hand, according to the conventional technique. InterBase4.2 (registered trademark) are used as a commercial database. 510 seconds was required, when the above-mentioned tabular format data was made to join and the view was created by the machine (PentiumPro (registered trademark) was operated on the same conditions as the above-mentioned processing as a processor) which used Paradox7 (registered trademark) as a client. Therefore. according to this invention, it turned out at speed the 3000 times abbreviation for the conventional thing of this that the join of tabular format data and creation of a table (view) are realizable.

[0080] Various change is possible for this invention within the limits of invention indicated to

Claims without being limited to the form of the above operation, and it cannot be overemphasized that they are also what is included within the limits of this invention. For example, in the form of the 1st operation, when displaying the table (view) sorted in items other than a key item like drawing 18 (b), explanation is added per. As shown in drawing 18 (a), in sorting in a key item and displaying a table (view) It is related with the information block (the above-mentioned example information block of "Service ID") used as a key item. the record count of main tabular format data for every value list item value is computed (presence number array), and where the record number of main tabular format data is sorted based on this, it rearranges -- **** (refer to drawing 17) -- some procedure is added for sorting by the other item.

[0081] In the technique according to the form of the 1st operation As shown in drawing 49 (a), a presence number array, the number array of accumulating totals, etc. are generated by other information blocks (in this case, information block of an "annual fee") through the information block (in this case, information block of "Service ID") about a key item. That is, the array of the record number (parent record number) about the sorted main tabular format data is generated through the information block which has the shared value list (refer to drawing 49 (b)). [0082] Moreover, although specification of the information block which should make a value list share, calculation of a presence number array and/or a starting position array, generation of a conversion array, etc. are performed for every creation of a join and a table (view) in the form of said operation What is beforehand considered to be required may be joined, or a required array may be generated. Furthermore, when construction of the information block of the predetermined form based on tabular format data receives tabular format data, it may be performed.

[0083] Furthermore, in the form of said 6th [the] and the 7th operation, in two or more tabular format data, although the technique of two items joining and presenting the item value about a predetermined item was described, it cannot be overemphasized that it is also possible to join three or more items. For example, what is necessary is to create the pointer array to the value list of imagination equipped with the pointer value of an individual about the form of the 6th operation, as mentioned above (pxqxr), and just to determine the correspondence to the value list of the imagination concerned. Or what is necessary is just to prepare a value list which serves as a set of the multidimensional array which each becomes from the value of three or more pieces about the form of the 7th operation.

[0084] Furthermore, although processing about the tabular format data with which two or more tabular format data was joined and joined by reading a predetermined program in the general computer system 10, and executing the program concerned in the form of said operation is realized It cannot be overemphasized that you may constitute so that this invention may not be

limited to this, and may connect the board computer only for database processing to the general computer system of a personal computer etc. and the board computer concerned can perform the above-mentioned processing. Therefore, in this Description, a means does not necessarily mean a physical means, and the function of each means includes, also when software is realized. Furthermore, even if the function of one means is realized by two or more physical means, the function of two or more means may be realized by one physical means. [0085]

[Effect of the Invention] According to this invention, it becomes possible to be able to join two or more tabular format data like a request, and to offer the structure of tabular format data also with the small data volume, its joint method, and the united presentation method of tabular format data.

[Brief Description of the Drawings]

[Drawing 1] <u>Drawing 1</u> is a block diagram which shows the hardware configuration of the computer system which can realize the search, total, and the search method concerning the form of operation of this invention.

[Drawing 2] Drawing 2 is the figure showing the information block used with the form of this operation.

[Drawing 3] Drawing 3 is the example of tabular format data, and the figure showing the example of an information block based on the tabular format data concerned.

[Drawing 4] Drawing 4 is the figure showing other examples of an information block based on other examples and tabular format data concerned of tabular format data.

[Drawing 5] Drawing 5 is a flow chart which shows the search technique about a single item.

[Drawing 6] Drawing 6 is a flow chart explaining the processing for creating an information block based on tabular format data.

[$\underline{\text{Drawing 7}}$] $\underline{\text{Drawing 7}}$ is the figure showing the example of the original data for creating an information block.

[Drawing 8] Drawing 8 is the figure showing the example of two tabular format data.

 $[\underline{Drawing\ 9}]\ \underline{Drawing\ 9}$ is the figure showing the information block based on the tabular format data shown in drawing 8 .

[<u>Drawing 10</u>] <u>Drawing 10</u> is a block diagram which shows an example of the function performed in CPU concerning the form of operation of this invention.

[Drawing 11] Drawing 11 is a flow chart which shows the processing for sharing of the value list concerning the form of this operation.

[Drawing 12] Drawing 12 (a) is the figure showing more a part of processing shown by drawing

11 in details about the example shown in drawing 8 and drawing 9.

[Drawing 13] Drawing 13 is a flow chart which shows the view creation processing concerning the form of this operation.

[Drawing 14] Drawing 14 is a figure for explaining the view generated by drawing 13.

[Drawing 15] Drawing 15 is a flow chart which shows the processing which obtains the table sorted about the required item concerning the form of this operation.

[Drawing 16] Drawing 16 is a view about "Customer ID", a "customer name", and an "annual fee", and is a figure for explaining the processing which displays the view sorted based on "Service ID."

[Drawing 17] Drawing 17 is a figure for explaining sorting of the record number concerning the form of this operation.

[Drawing 18] Drawing 18 is the figure showing the example of the view sorted in the predetermined item.

[<u>Drawing 19</u>] <u>Drawing 19</u> is the figure showing the pointer array concerning the form of the 2nd operation.

[Drawing 20] Drawing 20 is the figure showing the pointer array concerning the form of the 3rd operation.

[<u>Drawing 21</u>] <u>Drawing 21</u> is the figure showing the example of the tabular format data (table) used with the form of the 4th operation.

[Drawing 22] Drawing 22 is a flow chart which shows processing concerning the form of the 4th operation.

[Drawing 23] Drawing 23 is a figure for explaining sharing of the value list concerning the form of the 4th operation.

[Drawing 24] Drawing 24 is a figure for explaining sorting of the ** table concerning the form of the 4th operation.

[<u>Drawing 25</u>] <u>Drawing 25</u> is a flow chart which shows extended processing of the pointer array to the value list of the main table concerning the form of the 4th operation.

[<u>Drawing 26</u>] <u>Drawing 26</u> is a figure for explaining extension of the pointer array to the value list of the main table concerning the form of the 4th operation.

[Drawing 27] Drawing 27 is a flow chart which shows extended (generation) processing of the pointer array to the value list of ** tables concerning the form of the 4th operation.

[<u>Drawing 28</u>] <u>Drawing 28</u> is a figure for explaining extension of the pointer array to the value list of ** tables concerning the form of the 4th operation.

[Drawing 29] Drawing 29 is the figure showing the information block for creating the joined table (view) concerning the form of the 4th operation.

[Drawing 30] Drawing 30 is a figure for explaining the conversion array prepared in the main table side concerning the form of the 5th operation.

[Drawing 31] Drawing 31 is a flow chart which shows processing of the conversion array creation by the side of the ** record concerning the form of the 5th operation.

[Drawing 32] Drawing 32 is the figure showing an example of the conversion array creation by the side of the ** table concerning the form of the 5th operation.

[Drawing 33] Drawing 33 is a figure which illustrates the procedure of obtaining the information block of an imagination "game day" based on the conversion array by the side of the ** table obtained by processing concerning the form of the 5th operation.

[Drawing 34] Drawing 34 is the figure showing the example of the tabular format data (table) used with the form of the 6th operation.

[Drawing 35] Drawing 35 is a flow chart which shows processing concerning the form of the 6th operation.

[<u>Drawing 36</u>] <u>Drawing 36</u> is a figure for explaining the sharing processing concerning the form of the 6th operation.

[Drawing 37] Drawing 37 is a figure for explaining the pointer array to the imagination value list concerning the form of the 6th operation, and the value list concerned.

[Drawing 38] Drawing 38 is a figure for explaining the pointer array to the imagination value list concerning the form of the 6th operation, and the value list concerned.

[<u>Drawing 39</u>] <u>Drawing 39</u> is a figure for explaining the pointer array to the imagination value list concerning the form of the 6th operation, and the value list concerned.

[Drawing 40] Drawing 40 is a figure for explaining the imagination value list concerning the form of the 6th operation, and the pointer array to a record number.

[Drawing 41] Drawing 41 is a figure for explaining the creation of a table (view) according to processing concerning the form of the 6th operation.

[Drawing 42] Drawing 42 is a flow chart which shows processing concerning the form of the 7th operation.

[<u>Drawing 43</u>] <u>Drawing 43</u> is a figure for explaining secondary sorting of the main table concerning the form of the 7th operation.

[<u>Drawing 44</u>] <u>Drawing 44</u> is the value list which has the pointer value which is the multidimensional array which combined two or more items concerning the form of the 7th operation, and a flow chart which shows raw ******* of a pointer array.

[Drawing 45] Drawing 45 is the figure showing the state where the new information block concerning the form of the 7th operation was created in the main table which performed sorting application shown in drawing 43.

[Drawing 46] Drawing 46 is the figure showing the state where the new information block concerning the form of the 7th operation was created in the main table which performed sorting application shown in drawing 43.

[Drawing 47] Drawing 47 is the figure about the ** table concerning the form of the 7th

operation showing a new information block.

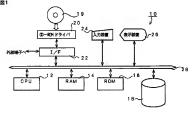
[Drawing 48] Drawing 48 is a figure for explaining creation processing of the table (view) concerning the form of the 7th operation.

[Drawing 49] Drawing 49 is a figure for explaining the processing for obtaining the table (view) sorted in other items in the form of the 1st operation.

[Explanations of letters or numerals]

- 10 Computer System
- 12 CPU
- 14 RAM
- 16 ROM
- 18 Fixed Memory
- 20 CD-ROM Driver
- 22 I/F
- 24 Input Unit
- 26 Display Device

[Drawing 1]



[Drawing 2]





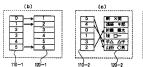


[Drawing 18]



[Drawing 3]

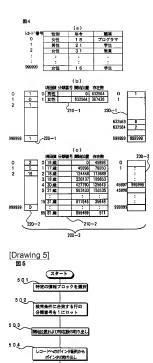






(d)

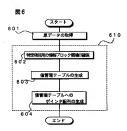
[Drawing 4]

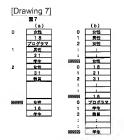


[Drawing 6]

結果集合の生成エンド

505







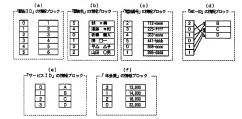
[Drawing 8]

图8

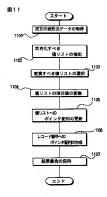
	(a)				(D)		
顧客ID	原客名	電話番号	SAC-10	1 1	サービスID	年会費	
1	山田 〇男	333-aaaa	D	1 1	A	32,000	
2	푸스 스子	444-bbbb	В	1 1	В	14,000	
3	朝×美	558-cccc	С	1 1	С	18,000	
4	透蘇 本郎	998-dddd	8	1 1	D	12,000	
5	M ==	112-eese	С	1 '			
6	新田 田太	225-ffff	С	1			

(c)						
顕客ID	顧客名	年会費				
1	山田〇男	12,000				
2	平스 스子	14,000				
3	朝×美	18,000				
4	連棒 本郎	14,000				
5	陳 ロー	18,000				
6	新田 国大	18.000				

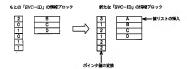
[Drawing 9]



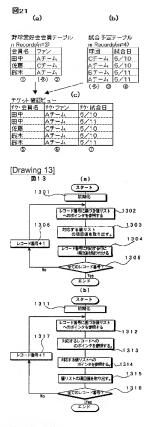
[Drawing 11]



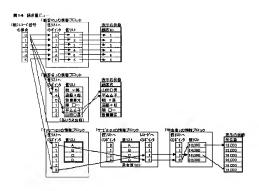
[Drawing 12]

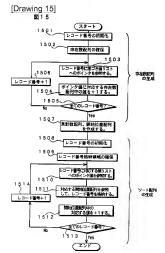


[Drawing 21]

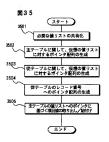


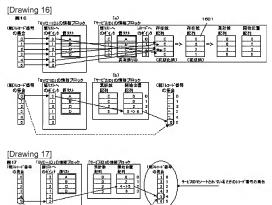
[Drawing 14]



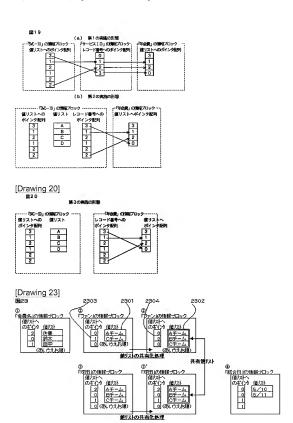


[Drawing 35]

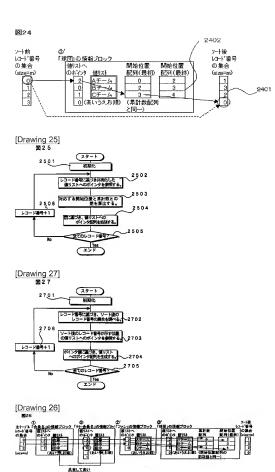




[Drawing 19]



[Drawing 24]

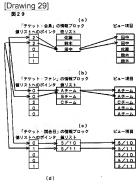


[<A HREF="/AIPN/odse_itm_draw.ipdl?

N0000=7434&N0500=1E_N/;>=<<6<6? //////&N0001=342&N0552=9&N0553=000030"

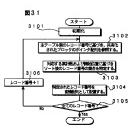
TARGET="odse_itm_draw"> drawing 28]

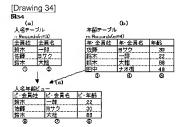




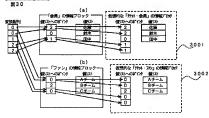
ガナ 会員名	チナット・ファン	デット・試合日
田中	Aチーム	5/10
田中	Aチーム	5/11
佐藤	Cチーム	5/10
鈴木	Aテーム	5/10
鈴木	A7-6	5/11

[Drawing 31]

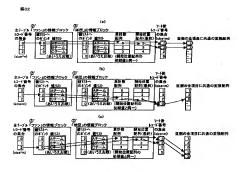




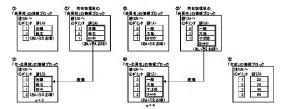




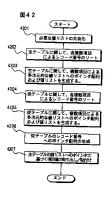
[Drawing 32]

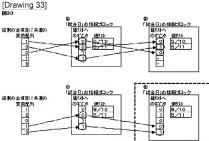


[Drawing 36]



[Drawing 42]

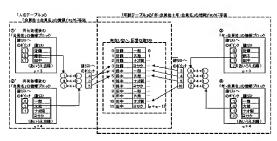




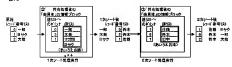
[Drawing 37]

実際には、存在しなくても、「支貨配列」及び「試合日の情報がなり」から、味時、生成できる。

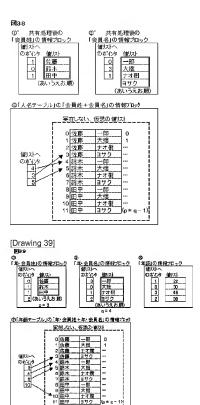
37



[Drawing 43]



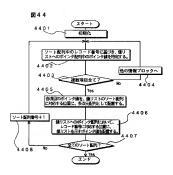
[Drawing 38]



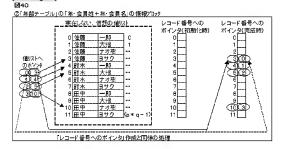
[Drawing 44]

11 田中

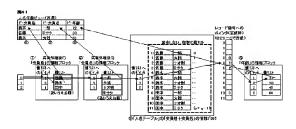
Ka× □



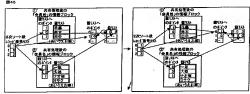
[Drawing 40]



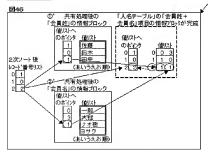
[Drawing 41]



[Drawing 45]



[Drawing 46]

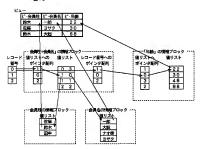


[Drawing 47]

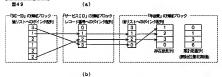
図47

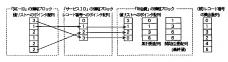


[Drawing 48]









[Translation done.]